Logical Empiricism Historical And Contemporary Perspectives

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The Oxford Handbook of The History of Analytic Philosophy Michael Beaney 2013-06-20 The main stream of academic philosophy, in Anglophone countries and increasingly worldwide, is identified by the name 'analytic'. The study of its historical development thus has to start with the works of the key philosophers such as Frege, Russell, and Whitehead, whose ideas were central to the foundations of the analytic tradition, and the projects and institutions of the later British analytic movement, which extended and developed the work of the early pioneers. This collection of original essays by forty leading scholars in analytic philosophy constitutes the most comprehensive book on the subject.

The Structure of Scientific Revolutions Revisited Vasso Kindi 2013-05-30 ...the Kuhnian perspective on the structure of the scientific community is expanded and updated. In this sequel, Kuhn brings his understanding of the Structure of Scientific Revolutions fully to bear on the relationship of the academic work of Strauss and his followers. A vague, but powerful, idea staff in the US State and Defense Departments had studied with, or been influenced by, the academic work of Strauss and his followers. A vague, but powerful, idea...
essays examining Carnap’s importance and continuing relevance in the field of Logical Empiricism and the wider context of the philosophy of science, and provides a thorough overview of some of the salient features of his work on the treatment of semantics; his conception of explication; continuities and discontinuities in the works of Carnap, Frege, and Quine; a Carnapian reply to Kurt Gödel; and Carnap on categorical concrete and abstract objects. The evolution of Carnap’s thought within the context of his historical milieu in Jena. Annotation: 2004 Book News, Inc., Portland, OR (booknews.com).

The History of Continental Philosophy Alan D. Schrift 2013-04-12 From Kant to Heidegger and beyond, this book provides an accessible survey of the key concepts and figures of Continental philosophy from its origins to its current state. An introductory essay explores the fascinating story of the people and events behind the turbulent changes in attitudes to quantum theory in the second half of the 20th century. The huge success of this book has grown dramatically since its first appearance, and even the very beginning, by doubts and controversy about its foundations and future, it is evident that there are forces evolved after WWII, when it was revised, until the mid 1990s, when most of this research merged into the technological promise of quantum information. It is also obvious by the story of the rise and fall of the philosophy of the mind, and of the way that the discipline is in the mainstream of physics into its mainstream. It is also a history of concepts, experiments, and relations, and of the relationship between physics and the world at large, touching on theories such as the Cold War, McCarthyism, Zhdanovism, and the ure of the late 1960s.

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Making: From Normative Rules to Heuristics analyses rational and irrational decision making by individuals as well as by groups. The contributors adopt methodological, logical, linguistic, psychological, historical, and evolutionary perspectives.

Logical Empiricism Paolo Arriz 2003-07 This collection of essays re-examines the origins of logical empiricism and offers fresh insights into its relationship to contemporary philosophy of science.

Kuhn’s Structure of Scientific Revolutions - 50 Years On William J. Devlin 2015-05-18 In 1962, the publication of Thomas Kuhn’s Structure ‘revolutionized’ the way one conducts philosophical and historical studies of science. Through the introduction of both memorable and controversial notions, such as paradigms, scientific revolutions, and incommensurability, Kuhn argued against the traditionally accepted notion of scientific change as a progression towards the truth about nature, and instead substituted the idea that science is a puzzle solving activity, operating under paradigms, which became discarded after it fails to respond accordingly to anomalous challenges and a rival paradigm. Kuhn’s Structure has sold over 1.4 million copies and the Times Literary Supplement named it one of the “Hundred Most Influential Books since the Second World War.” Now, fifty years after this groundbreaking work was published, this volume offers a timely reappraisal of the legacy of Kuhn’s book and an investigation into what Kuhn’s Structure offers philosophical, historical, and sociological studies of science in the future.

Constituting Objectivity Michael Bitbol 2009-03-29 In recent years, many philosophers of modern physics came to the conclusion that the problem of how objectivity is constituted (rather than merely given) can no longer be avoided, and therefore that a transcendental approach in the spirit of Kant is now philosophically relevant. The usual excuse for skipping this task is that the historical form given by Kant to transcendental epistemology has been challenged by Relativity and Quantum Physics. However, the true challenge is not to force modern physics into a rigidly construed static version of Kant's philosophy, but to provide Kant’s method with flexibility and generality. In this book, the top specialists of the field pin down the methodological core of transcendental epistemology that must be used in order to throw light on the foundations of modern physics. First, the basic tools Kant used for his transcendental reading of Newtonian Mechanics are examined, and then early transcendental approaches of Relativistic and Quantum Physics are revisited. Transcendental procedures are also applied to contemporary physics, and this renewed transcendental interpretation is finally compared with structural realism and constructive empiricism. The book will be of interest to scientists, historians and philosophers who are involved in the foundational problems of modern physics.

The Vienna Circle and Logical Empiricism F. Stadler 2006-06-09 This work is for scholars, researchers and students in history and philosophy of science focusing on Logical Empiricism and analytic philosophy (of science). It provides historical and systematic research and deals with the influence and impact of the Vienna Circle/Logical Empiricism on today's philosophy of science. It also explores the intellectual context of this scientific philosophy and focuses on main figures and peripheral adherents.

Philosophy of Science: The Key Thinkers James Robert Brown 2021-07-15 From the 19th century the philosophy of science has been shaped by a group of influential figures. Who were they? Why do they matter? This introduction brings to life the most influential thinkers in the philosophy of science, uncovering how the field has developed over the last 200 years. Taking up the subject from the time when some philosophers began to think of themselves not just as philosophers but as philosophers of science, a team of leading contemporary philosophers explain, criticize and honour the giants. Now updated and revised throughout, the second edition includes: · Easy-to-follow overviews of pivotal thinkers including John Stuart Mill, Rudolf Carnap, Thomas Kuhn, Karl Popper, and many more · Coverage of central issues such as experience and necessity, logical empiricism, falsifiability, paradigms, the sociology of science, realism, and feminist critiques · An afterword looking ahead to emerging research trends · Study questions and further reading lists at the end of each chapter 

Science: The Key Thinkers demonstrates how the ideas and arguments of these figures laid the foundations of our understanding of modern science.

The Berlin Group and the Philosophy of Logical Empiricism Nikolay Milkov 2013-02-26 The Berlin Group for scientific philosophy was active between 1928 and 1933 and was closely related to the Vienna Circle. In 1938, the leaders of the two Groups, Hans Reichenbach and Rudolf Carnap, launched the journal Erkenntnis. However, between the Berlin Group and the Vienna Circle, there was not only close relatedness but also significant difference. Above all, while the Berlin Group explored philosophical problems of the actual practice of science, the Vienna Circle, closely following Wittgenstein, was more interested in problems of the language of science. The book includes first discussion ever (in three chapters) on Walter Dubislav's logic and philosophy. Two chapters are devoted to another author scarcely explored in English, Kurt Grelling, and another one to Paul Oppenheim who became an important figure in the philosophy of science in the USA in the 1940s-1950s. Finally, the book discusses the precursor of the Nord-German tradition of scientific philosophy, Jacob Friedrich Fries.